# ENDOSPEC SC 2.5% w/v Oral Suspension

DATA SHEET

Albendazole 25mg/ml Selenium 0.27mg/ml Cobalt 0.624mg/ml



#### **INDICATIONS**

A broad spectrum multi-purpose anthelmintic for the control of mature and developing immature forms of gastrointestinal roundworms, lungworms, tapeworms and adult liver fluke in cattle and sheep.

The product is also ovicidal against fluke and roundworm eggs.

#### **BENEFITS**

- Broad spectrum wormer for cattle and sheep
- Designed for accurate and easier lamb dosing
- 4 day meat withdrawal for sheep
- Ovicidal, helping to control pasture re-infestation
- Chronic fluke control dose available
- Added selenium and cobalt

LIST No	<b>UNIT PACKAGE</b>	CASE SIZE
1END010	2.5L	6
1END012	5L	4
1END008	10L	1

See reverse for Administration & Dosage



## Endospec 2.5% SC

### SC 2.5% w/v Oral Suspension



#### **PRESENTATION**

Oral suspension containing (w/v) 2.5% albendazole, 0.3% cobalt sulphate heptahydrate (equivalent to 0.0624% cobalt) and 0.0592% sodium selenite (equivalent to 0.027% selenium).

#### **TARGET SPECIES**

Cattle and sheep

#### **INDICATIONS FOR USE**

A broad spectrum, multi-purpose anthelmintic for the control of mature and developing immature forms of gastrointestinal roundworms, lungworms, tapeworms and adult liver fluke in cattle and sheep. The product is also ovicidal against fluke and roundworm eggs.

In cattle it is active against the following species: Ostertagia, Roundworms: Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Nematodirus, Oesophagostomum, Bunostomum, Cooperia and Strongyloides spp. It is usually effective against inhibited larvae of Cooperia

and Ostertagia. <u>Lungworms:</u> *Dictyocaulus viviparus.* <u>Tapeworms:</u> *Moniezia* spp. Adult liver fluke: Fasciola hepatica.

The product is ovicidal and will kill fluke and roundworm eggs, thus reducing pasture contamination. In sheep it is active against benzimidazole-susceptible strains of the following species:

. Ostertagia, Haemonchus, Roundworms: Trichostrongylus, Nematodirus (including N. battus), Chabertia and Oesophagostomum.

It is usually effective against inhibited larvae of Ostertagia.

Lungworms: Dictyocaulus filaria. Tapeworms: Moniezia spp. Adult liver fluke: Fasciola hepatica.

The product is ovicidal and will kill fluke and roundworm eggs, thus reducing pasture contamination.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Known hypersensitivity to the active ingredient.

#### SPECIAL WARNINGS FOR EACH TARGET SPECIES

Cattle suffering from severe lung damage due to heavy lungworm infestation may continue to cough for some weeks after treatment.

Care should be taken to avoid the following practices because they increase the risk of development of resistance and could ultimately result in ineffective

• Too frequent and repeated use of anthelmintics from the same class, over an extended period of time.

• Underdosing, which may be due to underestimation of body weight, misadministration of the product, or lack of calibration of the dosing device.

Suspected clinical cases of resistance to anthelmintics should be further investigated using appropriate tests (e.g. Faecal Egg Count Reduction Test). Where the results of the test(s) strongly suggest resistance to a particular anthelmintic, an anthelmintic belonging to another pharmacological class and having a different mode of action should be used.

(which includes Resistance to benzimidazoles albendazole) has been reported in *Cooperia, Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus*, and *Teladorsagia*species in small ruminants. Resistance to albendazole has been reported in *Cooperia* and *Teladorsagia* species in cattle in developed countries such as New Zealand. Therefore the use of this product should be based on local (regional, farm) epidemiological information

susceptibility of nematodes and recommendations on how to limit further selection for resistance to anthelmintics.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE IN ANIMALS

Not to be diluted or mixed with other products. Avoid the introduction of contamination during use.

The product should only be used in areas where deficiencies of cobalt and selenium are likely to occur. If in any doubt seek the advice of a veterinary surgeon. Do not administer other cobalt and selenium supplements concurrently unless specifically advised by your veterinary surgeon.

Intensive use or misuse of anthelmintics can give rise to resistance. To reduce this risk, dosing programmes should be discussed with a veterinary surgeon.

Care must be taken not to damage the pharyngeal region when dosing, particularly in sheep.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN BY THE PERSON ADMINISTERING THE PRODUCT

Avoid direct contact with the product. Wear suitable protective clothing including impermeable rubber gloves. In the event of accidental eye exposure, flush eye thoroughly with running water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash hands after use.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

None known.

#### **USE DURING PREGNANCY AND LACTATION**

The use of the product in breeding bulls or pregnant cattle is not expected to interfere with their reproductive performance.

Do not dose ewes at the 'fluke and worm' dose rate (7.5 mg/kg), during tupping or for 1 month after removing the rams. Can be safely used during lactation.

#### INTERACTIONS AND INCOMPATIBILITIES

Administration of ionophores to lambs have been shown to enhance selenium bioavailability. Concurrent administration of ionophores and Endospec SC 2.5% may therefore lead to an increased risk of selenium toxicity. In the absence of compatibility studies, this veterinary medicinal product must not be mixed with other veterinary medicinal products.

#### **ADMINISTERED** ADMINISTRATION ROUTE

For oral administration only using properly calibrated dosing equipment. To ensure administration of a correct dose, bodyweight should be determined as accurately as possible; accuracy of the dosing device should be checked.

Shake the container before use.

Worm dose: For the control of roundworms, lungworms, tapeworms and fluke and roundworm eggs: 7.5 mg albendazole per kg bodyweight.

Fluke and worm dose: For the additional treatment of adult liver fluke (chronic fascioliasis) in cattle: 10 mg albendazole per kg bodyweight.

Worm dose: For the control of roundworms, lungworms, tapeworms, fluke and roundworm eggs: albendazole per kg bodyweight.

Fluke and Worm Dose: For the additional treatment of adult liver fluke (chronic fascioliasis) in sheep: 7.5 mg albendazole per kg bodyweight.

Administration with a suitable drenching gun is recommended.

#### WITHDRAWAL PERIODS

Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered during treatment. Cattle (meat): 14 days after the last treatment.

(milk): 60 hours from the last treatment.

Sheep (meat): 4 days after the last treatment. Not for use in sheep producing milk for human consumption.

#### PHARMACOKINETIC PARTICULARS

Benzimidazoles bind to nematode tubulin, a protein necessary for the formation and viability of microtubules. This occurs primarily in absorptive intestinal cells of the nematode, with the result that these cells cannot absorb nutrients, thus causing a consequent reduction in glycogen and effective starvation of the parasites. Structural differences have been shown to exist between tubulin from mammalian and helminth sources, resulting in the preferential toxicity of albendazole to the helminth and not to the host. Benzimidazoles have also been shown to inhibit the fumarate reductase system of helminths and impair energy production.

The selenium and cobalt are trace elements of use as nutritional supplements and are not intended to be used therapeutically.

#### **EXCIPIENTS**

Methyl Parahydroxybenzoate, Propyl Parahydroxybenzoate, Copper Chlorophyll Complex Sodium (E141), Cobalt Sulphate Heptahydrate, Sodium selenite, Citric Acid Monohydrate, Sodium Citrate, Xanthan Gum, Povidone, Polysorbate 20, Propylene Glycol, Simethicone Emulsion, Water purified.

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years.

#### **STORAGE**

Do not store above 25°C.

#### **DISPOSAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROPERTIES**

DANGEROUS to aquatic life. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with the product or used containers. Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

#### LEGAL CATEGORY

POM-VPS

MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER Vm 50146/4030

#### MARKETED IN THE UK BY

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